MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS I

Exam, version 3.

- 1. (2+5p.) Theorem about the derivative of a composition of functions (the chain rule): formulation, examples. Find the minimal and maximal values of the function $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x^2+1}$ on the interval [1, 3].
- **2.** (3+4p.) Monotonicity and convexity: definitions, necessary and sufficient conditions in the terms of derivatives. Write the equation for the tangent line to the graph of the function $f(x) = \log_3(x^2 + 1)$ at the point x = -2.
- **3.** (2+5p.) The change of variables formula for definite integral. Calculate the indefinite integral $\int \frac{x^2}{2^x} dx$.
- **4.** (2+5p.) Write the formulae for the volume of the bodies of revolution of the curve y = f(x) w.r.t. the axis Ox and Oy. Calculate the limit $\lim_{x\to +\infty} \left(\frac{2\arctan x}{\pi}\right)^{\sin\frac{1}{x}}$
- **5.** (2+5p.) Write the Taylor formula of the order n with the residual term in the Lagrange form. Find the integral $\int \frac{x^2 + 2x}{x^4 + x^2 2} dx$