## MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS I

## Exam, version 7.

1. (2+5p.) Theorem about the derivative of a composition of functions (the chain rule): formulation, examples. Find the minimal and maximal values of the function $f(x)=\frac{x-1}{x^{2}+1}$ on the interval [1, 3].
2. ( $\mathbf{3}+\mathbf{4 p}$.$) Monotonicity and convexity: definitions, necessary and sufficient conditions in the$ terms of derivatives. Write the equation for the tangent line to the graph of the function $f(x)=\log _{3}\left(x^{2}+1\right)$ at the point $x=-2$.
3. (2+5p.) The change of variables formula for definite integral. Calculate the indefinite integral $\int \frac{x^{2}}{2^{x}} d x$.
4. $(2+5$ p.) Write the formulae for the volume of the bodies of revolution of the curve $y=f(x)$ w.r.t. the axis $O x$ and $O y$. Calculate the limit $\lim _{x \rightarrow+\infty}\left(\frac{2 \arctan x}{\pi}\right)^{\sin \frac{1}{x}}$
5. $(2+5$ p.) Write the Taylor formula of the order $n$ with the residual term in the Lagrange form.

Find the integral $\int \frac{x^{2}+2 x}{x^{4}+x^{2}-2} d x$

